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data card that is provided by the manufacturer for each filter cassette. The card shall have an identification number identical to that on the cassette used to take the sample and be submitted to MSHA with the sample. Each card shall be signed by the certified person and shall include that person's certification number. Respirable dust samples with data cards not properly completed will be voided by MSHA.

- (d) All respirable dust samples collected by the operator shall be considered taken to fulfill the sampling requirements of part 70, 71 or 90 of this title, unless the sample has been identified in writing by the operator to the District Manager, prior to the intended sampling shift, as a sample to be used for purposes other than required by part 70, 71 or 90 of this title.
- (e) Respirable dust samples received by MSHA in excess of those required by this part shall be considered invalid samples.

(Pub. L. No. 96–511, 94 Stat. 2812 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.))

[45 FR 24006, Apr. 8, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 14696, Apr. 6, 1982; 58 FR 63528, Dec. 2, 1993; 60 FR 33723, June 29, 1995; 60 FR 35695, July 11, 1995]

§ 70.210 Respirable dust samples; report to operator; posting.

- (a) The Secretary shall provide the operator with a report of the following data on respirable dust samples as soon as practicable:
 - (1) The mine identification number;
- (2) The mechanized mining unit or designated area within the mine from which the samples were taken;
- (3) The concentration of respirable dust, expressed in milligrams per cubic meter of air, for each valid sample;
- (4) The average concentration of respirable dust, expressed in milligrams per cubic meter of air, for all valid samples:
- (5) The occupation code, where applicable, and;
- (6) The reason for voiding any samples.
- (b) Upon receipt, the operator shall post this data for at least 31 days on the mine bulletin board.

§ 70.220 Status change reports.

- (a) If there is a change in operational status that affects the respirable dust sampling requirements of this part, the operator shall report the change in operational status of the mine, mechanized mining unit, or designated area to the MSHA District Office or to any other MSHA office designated by the District Manager. Status changes shall be reported in writing within 3 working days after the status change has occurred.
- (b) Each specific operational status is defined as follows: (1) Underground mine: (i) *Producing*—has at least one mechanized mining unit producing material.
- (ii) *Nonproducing*—no material is being produced.
- (iii) *Abandoned*—the work of all miners has been terminated and production activity has ceased.
 - (2) Mechanized mining unit:
- (i) *Producing*—producing material from a working section.
- (ii) Nonproducing—temporarily ceased production of material.
- (iii) *Abandoned*—permanently ceased production of material.
 - (3) Designated Area:
 - (i) *Producing*—activity is occurring.
- (ii) Nonproducing—activity has ceased.
- (iii) Abandoned—the dust generating source has been withdrawn and activity has ceased.

Subpart D—Respiratory Equipment

AUTHORITY: Title II, secs. 303(b), and 508, Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 (83 Stat. 742; 30 U.S.C. 801); secs. 301(a) and 302(a), Federal Mine Safety and Health Amendments Act of 1977, Pub. L. 95–164, 30 U.S.C. 961 and 951 and 29 U.S.C. 577a, 91 Stat. 1317 and 91 Stat. 1319; sec. 508, Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, Pub. L. 91–173 as amended by Pub. L. 95–164, 30 U.S.C. 957, 83 Stat. 803.

Source: 35 FR 5544, Apr. 3, 1970, unless otherwise noted.

§ 70.300 Respiratory equipment; respirable dust.

Respiratory equipment approved by NIOSH under 42 CFR part 84 shall be made available to all persons whenever exposed to concentrations of respirable

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dust in excess of the levels required to be maintained under this part. Use of respirators shall not be substituted for environmental control measures in the active workings. Each operator shall maintain a supply of respiratory equipment adequate to deal with occurrences of concentrations of respirable dust in the mine atmosphere in excess of the levels required to be maintained under this part.

[60 FR 30401, June 8, 1995]

§ 70.305 Respiratory equipment; gas, dusts, fumes, or mists.

Respiratory equipment approved by NIOSH under 42 CFR part 84 shall be provided to persons exposed for short periods to inhalation hazards from gas, dusts, fumes, or mist. When the exposure is for prolonged periods, other measures to protect such persons or to reduce the hazard shall be taken.

[60 FR 30401, June 8, 1995]

Subpart E—Dust From Drilling Rock [Reserved]

SUBPARTS G-S [Reserved]

SUBPART T—DIESEL EXHAUST GAS MONITORING

§ 70.1900 Exhaust Gas Monitoring.

- (a) During on-shift examinations required by \$75.362, a certified person as defined by \$75.100 of this chapter and designated by the operator as trained or experienced in the appropriate sampling procedures, shall determine the concentration of carbon monoxide (CO) and nitrogen dioxide (NO₂):
- (1) In the return of each working section where diesel equipment is used, at a location which represents the contribution of all diesel equipment on such section;
- (2) In the area of the section loading point if diesel haulage equipment is operated on the working section;
- (3) At a point inby the last piece of diesel equipment on the longwall or shortwall face when mining equipment is being installed or removed; and
- (4) In any other area designated by the district manager as specified in the mine operator's approved ventilation

plan where diesel equipment is operated in a manner which can result in significant concentrations of diesel exhaust.

- (b) Samples of CO and NO₂ shall be—
 (1) Collected in a manner that makes
- the results available immediately to the person collecting the samples;
- (2) Collected and analyzed by appropriate instrumentation which has been maintained and calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations; and
- (3) Collected during periods that are representative of conditions during normal operations.
- (c) Except as provided in §75.325(j) of this chapter, when sampling results indicate a concentration of CO and/or NO2 exceeding an action level of 50 percent of the threshold limit values (TLV®) adopted by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, the mine operator shall immediately take appropriate corrective action to reduce the concentrations of CO and/or NO_2 to below the applicable action level. The publication, "Threshold Limit Values for Substance in Workroom Air" (1972) is incorporated by reference and may be inspected at MSHA's Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, 1100 Wilson Blvd., Room 2352, Arlington, Virginia 22209-3939; at any Coal Mine Health and Safety District and Subdistrict Office; and at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW Suite 700, Washington, DC. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. In addition, copies of the document may be purchased from the Secretary-Treasurer, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Post Office Box 1937, Cincinnati, OH
- (d) A record shall be made when sampling results exceed the action level for the applicable TLV® for CO and/or NO₂. The record shall be made as part of and in the same manner as the records for hazards required by §75.363 of this chapter and include the following:
- (1) Location where each sample was collected:
- (2) Substance sampled and the measured concentration; and